

## Berea's Winter Term Booming

Notwithstanding the unpleasant weather new students are still crowding in so that the attendance is more than a year ago after dropping a considerable number of students for lack of room in the Practice Schools.

The routine work of registering students and getting them properly classified has never been performed so well as this year. The arrangements in the dining room also have been very satisfactory. And the two new dormitories, Carolina House and the Wright House, are a great satisfaction and relief.

There have been special entertainments for new students almost every night at the College Chapel. Special arrangements are made to assist students who are necessarily late in arriving.

Special attractions are offered this year in the Agricultural Course, the cabinet organ, the business course in its new quarters, as well as in the special course for teachers conducted by Dean McAllister and other members of the Normal Faculty. 1914 starts well!

### DON'T QUIT.

(By Marian Brewer)

Fight and the crowd stays with you,  
Quit, and you're out of the race;  
For he who quits goes down and out,  
And who fights slips into his place.

Dig and you reach rock bottom,  
Quit, and you find only sand;  
For the treasure is for the digger,  
For the quitter—the rifled land.

Plow, and you turn a smooth furrow,  
Quit, and your tools gather rust;  
Root, and you soon learn to burrow;  
Keep striving, and pay you it must.

The world lays its coin on the winner.

For the shirk it has no use at all;  
So up with you; wrestle, you sinner!  
Or don't howl if you go to the wall.

### SPECIAL FEATURES.

We are glad to print this week an article on "The High Cost of Living" by Miss M. Adelia Fox, a teacher in the Foundation Schools. Miss Fox "hits the nail on the head," and we suggest that nobody will be any the worse for reading what she has to say on the subject.

The poem on page 8 was written by Charles Alexander, a colored man, and is one which we might all well impress upon our minds.

### THE LOCAL PAGE.

Modesty is a virtue we admit, but loyal Berians are kindly interested in what their neighbors are doing; and if you have done anything worth mentioning just send word to The Citizen and let us include it on the local page.

### Had No Time.

Miss Sentimental—Charles, did you ever allow your mind to pierce the secret of the universe, to reason that this dull, cold earth is but the sepulcher of ages past, that man in all his glory is but the soil we tread, which every breeze wafts in an ever shifting maze, to be found and lost in an infinity of particles—the dust of centuries, reunited and dissolved as long as time shall endure?

Charles—No-o, I dunno as I did. You see, I've had to earn my living.—Stray Stories.

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## WORLD NEWS

### Transferred From Mexico to Brazil.

Sir Lionel Gorden, the English Minister to Mexico, is to be transferred to Brazil. It is understood unofficially that the transfer has some reference to his lack of sympathy with the American attitude in regard to Mexican affairs. As England has committed herself to the support of the American policy in Mexico, it is desirable to have her representative in this troublesome time in sympathy with the national policy.

### German Unrest.

The political situation in Germany is decidedly one of unrest under the semi-autocratic conditions which now prevail, as the Germans consider that more than any great nation in Europe Germany is capable of self-government. The public mind is seriously agitated over the assumptions of the military to supremacy over the civil government, which have been clearly acknowledged by army officers in connection with the Zabern affair. The commanding colonel acknowledged that he caused the arbitrary arrest of a passerby on the street because he suspected him of laughing at the troops. He announced that it was his intention to order the troops to fire upon the citizens if any further insults were offered the military. His idea of an insult was any derogatory remark or attempt at ridicule. He declared that he considered the military power vested in him independent of and superior to that of the civil officers.

### Americans in Egypt.

Americans are flocking to Egypt in great numbers for the winter. Trips up the Nile either by steamer or by private vessels, camel rides occupy their attention. They participated in a general celebration of New Year's Day.

### A Jury of Women in London.

An event which had not occurred for over thirty years was the empanelling of twelve matrons to sit in the trial of Ada Williams a woman who is accused of the murder of her own son. She was found guilty.

### Small Fire Losses in Vienna.

Vienna with a population of 2,008,000 over an area of 106 square miles, offers a marked contrast in the matter of fire losses to American cities. The losses for the last year from 1,062 fires amounted to \$355,000. During the same period New York City had 8,455 fires with a loss of \$5,820,000. The Vienna fire department not only responds to calls for fire, but to calls for all kinds of accidents in the streets and private buildings.

### Heavy Rains in Argentina.

The Argentine Republic is a factor of great importance in the world's market for food stuffs. Recent heavy rains in the Argentine insuring a large export of grain crops broke down the market for corn in Chicago, causing a decline that was marked. Seven hundred and eighty thousand bushels of corn was received in one day at Galveston. Brazil is also a factor of importance in the production of the world's supply of corn.

### Legation Homes.

The diplomatic appropriation bill to be reported about February 1st, contains items providing for the purchase of homes for the American embassy in Mexico City, Tokio, Japan, and Bern, Switzerland. The average price of the premises in each case is about \$150,000.

### General Election in Spain.

The Spanish Parliament has been dissolved by King Alfonso, and a general election for a new parliament was ordered for March 8th, when deputies will be voted for, and March 15th, when the senators will be elected.

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## Keeping Accounts

The Kentucky Commission of Rural Life makes, as one of its great recommendations, the suggestion that farmers ought to be more careful in keeping accounts.

Of course, the farmer says, "I don't have any big transactions, and there are weeks at a time that I don't pass or get a dollar."

All the same it pays a farmer to keep accounts.

Here is a forehanded man, who is very prosperous and keeps no books. Let me tell you that he keeps books in his head. He takes time to think over the money he has received and the money he has paid out. He does keep books in his head. And it is likely that he would save a great deal of time and worry if he kept his accounts on paper.

The beginning of the year is a good time to start accounts, and The Citizen has asked Prof. Livengood and Prof. Clark together to get up two articles of instruction for farm accounts.

Let us make the new year the biggest yet by getting more out of our farms, and taking better care of all our possessions.

## Keeping Well

If we pray to the good Lord to keep our folks from sickness, it is certainly our duty to find out how to prevent sickness in every way we can.

Now, there are a great many sicknesses that God never intended. They are the punishment for our carelessness.

If a child has measles or scarlet fever and we allow a person to go from his room to visit a neighbor, we are to blame for starting disease in that neighbor's household. It is "everybody's business to stop contagion."

And if people who are warm step out into the cold suddenly, they are bound to get chilled. Or if they go around with wet or cold feet, they are bound to be made weaker and more ready to catch any disease that comes along.

A good father is always providing shoes and shelter and good food for his family. And a good mother is always "watching the ways of her household" to prevent them from falling into sickness.

## Our State Legislature

The State Legislature meets in Frankfort this week. They can only meet every other year and sit for sixty days. This provision of the Constitution is to prevent them from doing mischief! The Kentucky State Legislature in recent years has probably passed a great many bad measures, but we want to give our legislators credit for all the good they do and we hope this legislature will make a record for service to the public welfare.

Really it is a great study to know what kind of laws ought to be enacted. A member of the legislature who does his duty has got to be busy night and day studying for the public welfare. Let such men be watched and prayed for and honored.

## The Teacher and the Temperance Question

Prof. John F. Smith

In Professor Smith's last article he discussed the relation of alcohol to disease showing that alcohol acts as a poison upon the system weakening it and making it unfit to fight germs, just as a drunken army is unfit to fight the foe and save the nation. He goes on to say:

A very little alcohol makes the white corpuscles which compose the standing army of the body drunk and unfits them for patrol service. When the typhoid germ enters the body and finds the body guard drunk it goes about its deadly work with little interference. Now you can understand why the man who drinks is much more likely to succumb to certain kinds of diseases than the man who is an abstainer. Every physician knows that the man who drinks alcohol is much more likely to die of pneumonia or tuberculosis or of many other seed diseases than the man who does not drink. It is not a question of size of body or strength of muscle but it is a question of strength and fighting condition of the white corpuscles.

In order that you may know that this is no mere theory I am telling I give here a number of instances where men who drink are more susceptible to diseases that kill.

Over half a century ago a cholera epidemic broke out in Glasgow. 225 cases were observed. It was discovered that of those who were abstainers only 19.2 per cent died; but of those addicted to the use of alcohol, 94.2 per cent died.

A few years ago a Washington doctor investigated the personal habits of 465 men who had suffered from sunstroke. He learned that 140 of these men drank to excess, 230 of them drank occasionally, and only 95 of them drank liquors at all. Death resulted in 140 of these cases.

Pneumonia takes away about as

## UNITED STATES NEWS IN OUR OWN STATE

### Student Volunteer Convention.

Representatives from Student Missionary Volunteer Bands of America, numbering about 5,000 young men and women, are holding a convention in Kansas City, Mo. Addresses by W. J. Bryan, J. R. Mott, J. Campbell White and others.

The total foreign missionary contributions of American Protestant churches for the last year were \$16,398,000. For the home missionary purpose the contributions were much larger.

### "Money Trust" Adjusts Itself.

J. P. Morgan & Co., the leading American banking firm, has withdrawn from more than a score of great corporations.

The necessity of attending many board meetings has been a serious burden and this move seems to indicate a movement toward the ending of "interlocking directorates" and the adjustment of big business along the lines of present public sentiment.

### Foreign Potatoes Barred.

Secretary Houston of the Department of Agriculture issued regulations against the importation of potatoes from foreign countries into the United States, to guard against potato diseases.

The countries now barred are Newfoundland, the Islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, Great Britain; the nations of Europe and the Dominion of Canada.

American potato growers are worried against the use of second-hand sacks unless they have been thoroughly sterilized.

### Record for Submarines.

Four little submarines completed the 700 miles between Guantanamo, Cuba and Cristobal, Panama, without a single mishap. Although the sea was rough and under the trade winds, the small boats maintained their speed and position for the five days of the trip. The Navy Department declares this to be the longest trip on record for any submarines under their own power.

### First Aeroplane Service in U. S.

The first daily aeroplane passenger and express service in this country was opened Jan. 1st between St. Petersburg and Tampa, Fla.

The first flight was made in twenty-three minutes at an average height of eighty feet, and the return trip was made at the same speed.

A fare of five dollars each way is charged, or ten dollars round trip.

### Rural Students Good Mathematicians.

Prof. David Rothrock of Indiana University says rural students are better mathematicians than city scholars. 250 students were grouped according to parentage.

The students from the farm averaged 82.4 on their final examinations the professional class averaged 74.5 and the business class averaged 85.6. Only 7 per cent of the farm class failed to make a passing grade as compared with 13.1 per cent of the professional class and 17 per cent of the commercial class.

The young women excelled the men in the class. The women made an average of 80 while that of the men was 67.5.

### Rural Mail Carriers.

The reports of the 40,000 rural mail carriers show that they cover 1,003,289 miles of highway, not including any portion covered twice.

61,000 miles are paved or constructed of crushed stone, flag or shell; 18,604 miles of gravel, over 500,000 miles improved earth and over 275,000 unimproved earth. 469,000 miles of road was bad part of the year and 80,000 all the year.

30,000 carriers use one horse vehicles; 7,000 two horse vehicles; 400 automobiles; 350 motorcycles; 110 horseback and five bicycles. Approximately 5,000,000 families are served.

### President Doesn't Appoint Relatives.

Henry W. Woodrow, President Wilson's uncle, died Dec. 26th, 1913, at his home, Chillicothe, O. Mr. Wilson was a prominent Democrat politician, and was an applicant for appointment as Internal Revenue Collector for the Columbus, O. district. The appointment however went to Benah Williamson. Mr. Woodrow being ruled out by President Wilson's decision not to appoint his relatives to office.

### Wage Increase to Navy Yard Men.

The wages of mechanics at the Philadelphia Navy Yard were increased. Some reductions were

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### The New Legislature.

Tuesday was the opening day of the Legislature and was taken up in the routine business of organization.

The officers chosen were:

In the Senate:

Pres. pro tem—M. O. Scott. Clerk—Major Wiley Dixon. Doorkeeper—Cass Shaw. Sergeant-at-Arms—Ben Salmon. Recording Clerk—Gates Young.

In the House:

Speaker—Claude Terrill. Clerk—James B. Stone. Assistant Clerk—James Wicker. Sergeant-at-Arms—Oscar Vest. Doorkeeper—Jeff D. Bowman.

Much important legislation comes up this session, the more interesting bills being: The abolition of third class teachers certificates; the increase of the saloon license from \$100 to \$400.

The capitol is crowded with lobbyists of all kinds, coming to further the interests of certain bills.

The Governor's message points out the necessity of economy in State affairs, is opposed to increasing tax rates or issuing State bonds, refers to the reduction of illiteracy and urges renewed efforts to better educational facilities, favors arbitration in labor disputes, favors a workmen's compensation law, and commends the work of the State Board of Health, the Department of Public Roads, the Prison Commission, the State College and Normal Schools and approves the State Banking department. He also urges that Kentucky appropriate money to give us proper representation at the Panama Exposition.

### Mine Owner Ends Life.

Erle Martin, a wealthy mine operator, former president of the Continental Coal Corporation, which controls eighteen mines in Bell County ended his life Monday morning.

Mr. Martin was an active and successful business man and no cause is known for the suicide. His death was brought about by shooting himself thru the temple.

### Good Roads Association.

Following the good roads week recently observed in Christian County, the men of that county have organized a permanent good roads association. This association will make recommendations to the Fiscal Court and, as the influential men of the county are behind it, much good is expected.

There are other counties that might follow this example to advantage.

### Farmers' Week at Lexington.

The Farmers' week at the State Experiment station opened Monday. There will be exhibits of poultry, dairy and beef cattle, sheep, horses, swine and farm products. Attractive premiums are offered and an interesting exhibit is assured.

There will also be free lectures on agricultural subjects.

Troops Patrolling Streets in Whitesburg.

The dispute between the sheriff of Letcher County and the Fiscal Court over certain settlements has become so intense that the militia is patrolling the streets to prevent bloodshed. A number of arrests were made including the Commonwealth Attorney, ex-County Judge, the deputy Sheriff and three Magistrates. The men were released on bail of \$2,000.

### Tribute to Mrs. Roberts.

A touching tribute to Mrs. Roberts, retiring owner of the Lexington Leader, was paid by the colored people of Lexington. A beautiful silver vase was presented and accompanying it was a letter expressing much appreciation for the courtesy and justice which the late Mr. Roberts and his wife always showed to the negro people.

"It is easy for those in power to forget the struggles of those less fortunate, but a sign of true greatness when they hold out the hand of sympathy and encouragement to those who have a handicap in life."

### Our Agricultural Needs.

The Commission appointed by the Governor to investigate rural conditions in Kentucky has just made a very extensive report. The main recommendations are: That elementary agriculture be taught in every public school and that teachers should be required by law to qualify themselves in elementary agriculture, domestic science, hygiene and sanitation and rural sociology and economics. That country life be bettered by some such organization.

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